Plans for modern library in the works

by Michael Goot
Asst. News Editor

Preliminary plans are in the works for a more modern library that will replace the existing facility pictured above. The new library is scheduled to open in 1999.

"During part of the joint study with IBM, Mark Sullivan developed a vision paper—developing a library for the twenty-first century," Daly said. "He also said the college has come to the conclusion that a totally new library is necessary." We've considered building additions onto our existing library of various sizes," Daly said. "Ultimately, we've come to the decision that the most cost-effective way is to build a new $20 million foot library." Many Marist students, including James Robertzari, have expressed discontent with the condition of the current library. Robertzari, a criminal justice major, said he thinks the library is not very orderly. "It's not organized," he said. "Things are all over the place. You don't know where anything is, especially downstairs," he said.

According to McInity, the library staff is currently in the process of deciding how the new library is going to be laid out. We basically developed a rough square footage services approach to it—developing stack space, space for staff, service areas," he said. "Now we're trying to translate that into where the space goals are." McInity said no part of the existing facility will be used.

Please see Library, supplement 3.

Marist salary increases parallel national rises

by Kristina Richard
Asst. News Editor

Salaries for professors and administrators at Marist continue to increase, but they remain comparable to institutions of similar size.

Dennis J. Murray, president of Marist College, received this year's highest salary of $195,000, an almost $14,000 increase from last year's salary. Mark Sullivan, the executive vice president of Marist, received the next highest salary of $122,675.

These salaries were followed by Professor Donald Calista's salary of $111,650, and Vice President of Academics Marc VanderHeyden's salary of $95,899.

Other highly-paid Marist employees this year were Thomas Daly, director of physical plant, who received $86,850 and Olaka Sharma, head of the computer science department, whose salary was $85,530.

Basketball Coach David Magg isset received $80,850, and Professor Lee Meringoff received $72,972.

Murray said he also expects the salaries for next year's executive vice president and academic vice president, who will replace Sullivan and VanderHeyden, to be relatively comparable to the compensations for these positions this year. "The salaries will be comparable, but they depend on the experience of the individuals," Murray said. "It depends on what their salaries are in their current positions."

Although the names of professors who do not receive top salaries are confidential, the average salary this year for a full professor was $57,466. The average compensation including benefits was $74,925.

For an associate professor, the average salary was $48,335, with an average compensation of $64,152. The average salary for assistant professors was $39,316, with an average compensation of $51,495.

Instructors and lecturers had an average salary of $34,742. Including benefits, the average compensation was $46,020.

According to Murray, none of the administrators or professors at Marist receive exorbitant salaries in comparison to other institutions of comparable size. "I think all the people working at Marist earn what they're paid," he said. "Our increases have very much paralleled the national increases in compensation."

According to the 1995-96 Administrative Compensation Survey released by the College and University Personnel Association, the salaries of all of Marist's top executives are actually below the median salary for such colleges with comparable budgets.

President Murray's salary is $56,000 below the median, while Sullivan and VanderHeyden's salaries are each more than $30,000 below the median.

Murray also said that almost all salaries have been increased this year. Please see Salaries, supplement 2.

Students take action for condoms on campus

Secret group posts controversial flyers in Mid-Rise

by Stephanie Mercurio
Asst. News Editor

Although condoms are not available on Marist campus, shot glasses can be bought in the bookstore.

Flyers promoting condom availability on campus were put on all of the Mid-Rise doors on the night of April 14. The flyers, with condoms attached to them, were put on the doors by an unknown group. The group raised the fact that although condoms are not available on campus, students can buy shot glasses in the bookstore.

Tanya Tag, a resident assistant in the Mid-Rise, said that she supported the actions taken. "It's my personal belief that a lot of students at Marist tend to go along with the populous and just listen to what the college has to say," she said. "I think it's great that students are actively partaking in their future." Tag said she had no idea who put the flyers up.

"A few of my residents asked me if I knew who put them up, because it was in the dorm area," she said. "I really didn't even know about it until that afternoon."

Darren Valdes, a sophomore resident of the Mid-Rise, said he supported the message the flyer stood for. "Our flyer is still on our door, so we can keep spreading the message," Valdes said. "I feel the flyer, it really stuck in my mind."

Chris Gilroy, a sophomore Mid-Rise resident, said he felt condoms should be made available on campus. "It's not as if we're asking the school to have sex, we're already having sex," he said. "It's an enforcement of responsibility from the school by having condoms available. Unprotected sex is not responsible at all.

Gilroy said he thought the flyers brought up a good argument. "The school doesn't promote drinking, but there are still shot glasses in the bookstore," he said. "This makes the school look hypocritical by not having condoms on campus because they promote promiscuity."

Jennifer Hinata, a juniorMid-Rise resident, said it is the responsibility of the administration and the students to provide condoms on campus. "This campus is not totally isolated from the rest of the world," Hinata said. "There is AIDS and venereal disease on this campus."
Study reveals advertising encourages youth smoking

by Rebecca Loe

Seventeen-year-old Lisa Gonzales, a senior at Sterling High School, said her friends are more likely to smoke if they see an ad on TV, noting that when she’s watching a show, the older kids “keep throwing the Ashes into the corner”.

Lisa’s friends, like her, believe that smoking is more socially acceptable and that ads influence their friends, leading them to try it. However, Lisa doesn’t know if she would ever smoke, despite the influence.

Lisa also believes that it’s important for schools to teach about the dangers of smoking and how it affects the body. She wonders why schools don’t do this more often, but she is confident that they will.

Lisa is convinced that if she were to smoke, it would probably affect her friends, but she is unsure if they would be influenced by the same amount.

Lisa also realizes that advertising is a powerful tool that can influence people’s behavior, but she believes that it’s up to individuals to make their own choices.

Lisa is confident that if she were to try smoking, it would likely have a negative impact on her life. However, she is unsure if she would ever do it.

Lisa is brainstorming ways to prevent her friends from smoking and is considering writing a paper on the topic. She is committed to making a difference and hopes to inspire others to do the same.

Lisa is grateful for the opportunity to share her thoughts and is excited to hear from others on the subject.

Lisa concludes by emphasizing the importance of education and awareness in preventing youth smoking. She is determined to make a difference and is optimistic about the future.

Marist’s Top Salaries

1. Dr. Dennis J. Murray (President)
2. Dr. Mark Sullivan (Executive VP)
3. Dr. Donald Calista (Professor)
4. Dr. Marc van der Heyden (Academic VP)
5. Thomas Daly (Director of Physical Plant)
6. Dr. Onkar Sharma (Department Head)
7. Dr. Donald Calista (Professor)
8. Dr. Lee Menghoff (Director of MIP)

Salary increases continue to

by Julie Yoo

V-Chip may initiate television

by Julie Yoo

by Leslie Yoo

Stay tuned for more updates on upcoming events and initiatives.

This week’s episode of the ‘Circle News’ podcast discussed the importance of conflict resolution in the workplace. The guest speaker, Dr. John Smith, emphasized the need for effective communication and active listening to resolve disputes. He shared several strategies, such as using “I” statements and seeking common ground, to help individuals navigate conflicts in a constructive manner.

The podcast also highlighted the role of leadership in creating a supportive environment that fosters open dialogue and understanding. Dr. Smith underscored the significance of providing opportunities for employees to express their viewpoints and feel valued.

In the conclusion, the podcaster encourages listeners not to fear disagreements and to see them as opportunities for growth and personal development. He concludes by inviting everyone to share their own stories of successful conflict resolution.

Within the ‘Circle News’ column, Dr. Smith’s insights are further explored through real-life case studies and practical advice for overcoming workplace conflicts. The column aims to provide readers with tools and strategies to enhance their communication skills and foster positive relationships in the workplace.

The next episode will focus on the importance of teamwork and collaboration. Stay tuned for more informative content.

The ‘Circle News’ podcast can be found on your favorite podcast platform, and the column is available in the local newspaper.

---

Three-level library will facilitate information access

by Leslie Yoo

The new library will feature a three-level structure, providing a comprehensive information hub for students and faculty. The first floor will house the main entrance, with a reading area and lockers for students. The second floor will contain research and study areas, computer labs, and state-of-the-art equipment. The third floor will focus on faculty resources, with administrative offices and meeting rooms.

The library will offer a variety of services to support students in their academic pursuits. These include access to electronic databases, expert librarians for research assistance, and study spaces tailored to different learning styles.

The library team is currently working on implementing a state-of-the-art technology platform to ensure seamless integration of digital resources into the physical space. This will allow students to access materials from anywhere, facilitating a more flexible and inclusive learning environment.

The library is committed to fostering a welcoming and inclusive atmosphere where everyone feels valued. In addition to traditional resources, the library will offer support for students with disabilities, ensuring they have the necessary accommodations to succeed.

The opening of the new library is scheduled for the fall semester, and the library team is looking forward to providing an exceptional experience for all who engage with our services.
Study reveals advertising encourages youth smoking

by Rebecca Lane

Seventeen-year-old Lisa Grayson of Stillwater, Minnesota, is afraid that her high school banned her from the cafeteria. "Now I have to go out and smoke, and that's not good," she said. "I want to be healthy. I don't want to get cancer."

Recently, Lisa and many smokers have begun the habit when they were children with just a few cigarettes. "With cigarettes, there's a chance that you'll get cancer," she said. "I don't want to do that."

In a 1984 speech against smoking delivered at Boston University, Dr. Louis Blumen, chair of the American Medical Association, addressed the problem of smoking among children.

"The risk of smoking at any age," he said. "is that the smoker will never notice if he or she only takes one or two cigarettes."

In a 1984 speech against smoking delivered at Boston University, Dr. Louis Blumen, chair of the American Medical Association, addressed the problem of smoking among children.

"The risk of smoking at any age," he said. "is that the smoker will never notice if he or she only takes one or two cigarettes."

"If we allow children to start smoking at any age," he continued, "we are allowing them to take a huge risk."

Supplement 2: The Inner Circle, April 25, 1996

Local businesses fear emergence of new Wal-Mart

By Charlie Wyler

The Inner Circle, April 25, 1996

Dave Price, the marketing director for the Inner Circle, said that "We are very concerned about the emergence of new Wal-Mart stores in our area."

"They are very aggressive," he said. "They are expanding very quickly and taking over the market share of our smaller stores."

"We are doing everything we can to compete," he said. "But we feel that we will be at a disadvantage."
Silent plague hits Marist

by Tim Maçon

A professor asks a question. No one responds. A student whispers the answer to his neighbor; but does not raise his hand. Moments later the professor says the same answer the student said.

"Why didn't he raise his hand? Was it because he was afraid that he would be wrong? Maybe, because he just doesn't care at all. Or is it because that student was in a core class as opposed to a core class for that person's major?"

Maureen Kilgour, a 1985 graduate of Marist College who is now the director of Alumni Affairs, said she remembers her core classes not talking much.

"I remember a philosophy class where no one ever asked any questions, even though the teacher was telling them that if they didn't understand something they should ask. I don't know if the teacher was talking about," she said.

Kathy Gazzolo, a freshman at Marist College, said she feels the reason for a lack in participation is due to students not really caring about the classes they do not like.

"All you do is just sit there because you have no interest in the classes at all," she said.

Jean Kirkos, a 1991 graduate of Marist, said many teachers that she had seen were as much at fault for the lack of participation as the students.

"I don't think the teachers promoted it (participation) enough," she said. "Everything seems to have been handed to us; it's not our work force especially in the business world."

Kroks did say, though, that the level of participation rose noticeably when she started taking upper level major courses.

"The later years, when I was more in my major, I had to know what was going on because it was for my career," Kroks said. "You couldn't just sit there and zone out like before."

Amy Coppel, a junior at Marist, said she feels that part of the reason students participate more in their major courses is that the upper level classes involve more student opinion.

"I also said she felt the reason students talk less in core courses is a matter of intimidation," Kroks said, who got better for her as she got to know more people.

"The longer kids are in a school, the more people they know and the more comfortable the name of the student to speak in front of their classmates," Coppel said.

Richard Grinell, an assistant professor at Marist, said he agrees that younger students are more intimidated and he can understand why.

"Intro classes with a lot of freshmen are often bad (in terms of participation) because it seems like they are intimidated. It seems like they just want to figure out what is going on around them," he said.

Grinell said freshmen have a having a hard enough time learning a new environment and meeting new people. While he was not pointing any fingers, Grinell would concede it is possible that in some situations it could be the teacher's fault. He said he makes a point to try to split the students up into small groups as much as possible.

"It gets the students more involved, not just in terms of people asking questions, but it also keeps the class conversation from being limited to four or five people," Grinell said. "It's important to get the students talking because it can help them to get to know each other better and at the same time students are more likely to remember things from group situations.

Eating disorders result from desire to fit in

by Gyna Slenemsky

Eating disorders are prevalent on campus, and Marist is no exception.

"There is definitely on all campuses. College is a big time for image formation," she said.

Donna Nastasi, a sophomore at Marist College, said there are a lot of pressures leaving home and coming to college.

"It is a big step for freshmen. There are so many new things going on, and some of them have to watch out for and pick out the bad things," she said.

Poley said there are a lot of pressures coming to college, but she has continued to come to college.

"Breaking away can be very overwhelming. Some people aren't ready for it," she said.

"I am eating disorder is prevalent on campuses because it is easy to fall into. A person is able to eat just about anything she or he wants and is basically able to get rid of just about anything she or he wants. She said it is still useful for people.

"It is a lot more than not eating. It ruins the inside of your body," she said.

According to an information packet from the Marist College Counseling Center, some indicators of a person suffering from Bulimia include binge eating, secretive eating, several bathroom visits after meals, and fear of being fat, regardless of weight.

"I am eating disorder is very expensive. For people on the meal plan here on campus, it is easier because you can go up to the food several times. It is a lot easier for them," she said.

According to Poley, another popular way of "getting rid of" the consumed food on campus is the use of laxatives.

"This way a person doesn't have to worry about eating their food, but is still able to eat whatever he or she wants and is able to get it out of their system.

Anorexia Nervosa is another common eating disorder. People with this disorder deliberately attempt to lose weight through starvation. They see themselves as fat even if they have an ideal body weight.

According to that same information packet, some characteristics of a person suffering from Anorexia Nervosa include some of the following: fear of gaining weight, strict exercise routines, dressing in layers to hide weight loss, and intense dieting or fasting.

"As a response, the body begins to grow light body hair as a way to keep up heat. It is almost like an animal growing hair to keep warm," she said.